

Chem 532: Problem Set #5

Due in class: Monday, Oct. 24

(1) Consider the diatomic molecule anharmonic oscillator with potential energy:

$$V(x) = \frac{1}{2}k_2x^2 + \frac{1}{3!}k_3x^3$$

Use your results from problem #3 from HW3 to

- (a) Obtain an expression for the energy of vibrational state v correct to 2nd order in perturbation theory
- (b) Use this expression to calculate the vibrational energies for $v=0$ and 1 (in terms of $\hbar\omega$).
- (c) Compare the value of the $v=0-1$ fundamental frequency between the harmonic and cubic anharmonic approximations.

(2) Consider the simple harmonic oscillator. Use a trial function defined by $\phi = \cos(\alpha x)$, where α is a variational parameter and x ranges from $-\frac{\pi}{2\alpha}$ to $+\frac{\pi}{2\alpha}$. Use the variation method to determine an approximation to the ground state energy. Compare your result to the known exact value.

(3) Apply the linear variation function

$$\phi = c_1x^2(L-x) + c_2x(L-x)^2 \quad 0 \leq x \leq L$$

to the particle in a one-dimensional box.

- (a) Calculate the percent errors for the $n=1$ and $n=2$ energies.
- (b) Determine the coefficients c_1 and c_2 for the $n=1$ case.